



Maritime Area Regulatory Authority
2nd Floor, Menapia House,
Drinagh Business Park,
Drinagh, Wexford, Y35RF29

20 August 2026

Re: MUL MetroLink Project alignment under the River Liffey

Your Ref: MUL260055

Our Ref: 26/219

Dear Sir/Madam,

Geological Survey Ireland is the national earth science agency and is part of the Department of Climate, Energy and the Environment. We provide independent geological information and interpretation and gather various data for that purpose. Please see our [website](#) for data availability.

With reference to your email received on the 11 August 2026, concerning the MUL MetroLink Project alignment under the River Liffey, we recommend using our various data sets when conducting the EIAR, SEA, planning and scoping processes for developments, plans and policies. For more detailed information on how to access this data please access 'Data and Maps' [Data & Maps \(gsi.ie\)](#) on our 'Geoscience for planning' webpage. Use of our data or maps should be attributed correctly (please refer to each individual dataset's metadata for correct attribution).

For specific data available for Environmental Assessment and Planning topics please follow this link [[Data by Environmental Assessment and Planning Topic \(gsi.ie\)](#)], where you will find our data arranged by environmental assessment topic as illustrated below:

Land and soils <i>Soil</i> - Subsoils (Quaternary Geology) - Tellus Geochemistry - Geotechnical <i>Geology</i> - Bedrock - Geophysics - Bedrock & Quaternary 3D	Water <i>Groundwater</i> - Aquifers GW vulnerability, GWPSs (GWPPs) - Karst <i>Surface water</i> - Tellus Geochemistry <i>Estuarine & marine waters</i> - Marine and coastal <i>Flooding</i> - GWClimate	Climate Change <i>Carbon accounting / Carbon balance</i> - Geothermal - Carbon capture and storage <i>Climate change trends</i> - National coastal change assessment
Cultural Heritage <i>Archaeology</i> - Cherish <i>Underwater Archaeology</i> - Shipwrecks	Material Assets <i>Built Services</i> - Natural resources (Minerals & Aggregates) - Active quarries	The Landscape <i>Landscape Appearance & Character</i> - Physiographic units <i>Historical landscapes</i> - Historic mines
Other Relevant Data		
<i>Natural (Geo) hazards</i> - Landslide Susceptibility Mapping - Groundwater flooding - Coastal vulnerability - Subsidence - Radon	<i>Natural heritage</i> - Geoheritage (County Geological Sites) - Dimension Stone/Stone Built Ireland	



Marine and Coastal Unit

Our marine environment is hugely important to our bio-economy, transport, tourism and recreational sectors. It is also an important indicator of the health of our planet. Geological Survey Ireland's Marine and Coastal Unit in partnership with the Marine Institute, jointly manages [INFOMAR](#), Ireland's national marine mapping programme; providing key baseline data for Ireland's marine sector. The programme delivers a wide range of benefits to multi-sectoral end-users across the national blue economy with an emphasis on enabling our stakeholders. Demonstrated applications for the use of INFOMAR's suite of mapping products include Shipping & Navigation, Fisheries Management, Aquaculture, Off-shore Renewable Energies, Marine Leisure & Tourism and Coastal Behaviour.

INFOMAR data such as bathymetry, backscatter, sediment classification, shipwrecks and survey metadata can be downloaded free of charge in a variety of formats at the INFOMAR Marine Data Download Portal:

<https://experience.arcgis.com/experience/9213db3d963d4f3cab3a220323d7cd4e/page/Page-1/?views=Download-Vector-Datasets>

INFOMAR also produces a wide variety of seabed mapping products that enable public and stakeholders to visualize Ireland's seafloor environment <https://www.infomar.ie/maps/downloadable-maps/maps>. [Story maps](#) have also been developed providing a different perspective of some of the bays and harbors of the Irish coastline. We would therefore recommend use of our Marine and Coastal Unit datasets available on our [website](#) and [Map Viewer](#).

The Marine and Coastal Unit also participate in coastal change projects and are undertaking mapping in areas such as coastal vulnerability and coastal erosion. Further information on these projects can be found [here](#).

ObSERVE Programme

The ObSERVE Programme is a collaborative initiative between the Department of Climate, Energy and the Environment (DCEE) and the Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage (DHLGH). Managed by DCEE, the programme delivers aerial and acoustic survey data on marine megafauna — including cetaceans, seabirds and other protected species — to address critical baseline data gaps in Irish waters. These datasets support marine spatial planning, biodiversity conservation, and Ireland's obligations under EU and international environmental frameworks.

Further information and open datasets are available at <https://www.gov.ie/en/department-of-climate-energy-and-the-environment/publications/observe-programme/>

National Coastal Change Assessment

Geological Survey Ireland is undertaking a National Coastal Change Assessment. As part of this initiative two mapping products will be delivered for the entire Irish coastline: **coastal vulnerability mapping and shoreline change**.

Coastal vulnerability maps will provide an insight into the relative susceptibility of the Irish coast to adverse impacts of sea-level rise through the use of a **Coastal Vulnerability Index** (CVI). Currently the project is being carried out on the east coast and will be rolled out nationally over the next couple of years, detailed information and maps are available [here](#). **Shoreline change rates** for the period 2000 to 2023 are being prioritised and will be released by county on a rolling basis over the next 12 months. Shoreline change rates database and reports will be accessible from [GSI](#) web mapping viewers. These suite of coastal mapping products are aimed at coastal managers to prioritise or concentrate efforts on adaptation.

Other Comments

Should development go ahead, all other factors considered, Geological Survey Ireland would much appreciate a copy of reports detailing any site investigations carried out. The data would be redacted for confidentiality and added to Geological Survey Ireland's national database of site investigation boreholes, implemented to provide a better service to the civil engineering sector. Data can be sent to the Geological Mapping Unit, at <mailto:GeologicalMappingInfo@gsi.ie>.

If we can be of any further help, please do not hesitate to contact me Clare Glanville, or my colleague Trish Smullen at GSIPlanning@gsi.ie.



Yours sincerely,

Dr. Clare Glanville
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Geoheritage and Planning Programme
Geological Survey Ireland

Trish Smullen
Geologist
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The publicly available data referenced/presented here, should in no way be construed as Geological Survey Ireland support for or objection to the proposed development or plan. The data are made freely available to all and can be used as independent scientific data in assessments, plans or policies. It should be noted that in many cases these data are a baseline or starting point for further site specific assessments.